#### §675.21

### § 675.21 Institutional employment.

- (a) An institution, other than a proprietary institution, may employ a student to work for the institution itself, including those operations, such as food service, cleaning, maintenance, or security, for which the institution contracts, if the contract specifies—
- (1) The number of students to be employed; and
- (2) That the institution selects the students to be employed and determines each student's pay rate.
- (b) A proprietary institution may employ a student to work for the institution, but only in jobs that—
- (1) Are in community services as defined in §675.2; or
  - (2) Are on campus and that—
- (i) Involve the provision of student services as defined in §675.2(b) that are directly related to the work-study student's training or education;
- (ii) To the maximum extent possible, complement and reinforce the educational program or vocational goals of the student; and
- (iii) Do not involve the solicitation of potential students to enroll at the proprietary institution.

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2753)

[52 FR 45770, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 59 FR 61417, Nov. 30, 1994; 67 FR 67078, Nov. 1, 2002]

# § 675.22 Employment provided by a Federal, State, or local public agency, or a private nonprofit organization.

- (a) If a student is employed by a Federal, State, or local public agency, or a private nonprofit organization, the work that the student performs must be in the public interest.
- (b) FWS employment in the public interest. The Secretary considers work in the public interest to be work performed for the national or community welfare rather than work performed to benefit a particular interest or group. Work is not in the public interest if—
- (1) It primarily benefits the members of a limited membership organization such as a credit union, a fraternal or religious order, or a cooperative;
- (2) It is for an elected official who is not responsible for the regular administration of Federal, State, or local government;

- (3) It is work as a political aide for any elected official;
- (4) A student's political support or party affiliation is taken into account in hiring him or her:
- (5) It involves any partisan or nonpartisan political activity or is associated with a faction in an election for public or party office; or
- (6) It involves lobbying on the Federal, State, or local level.

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2753)

[52 FR 45770, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 32356, July 21, 1992; 59 FR 61419, Nov. 30, 1994]

## § 675.23 Employment provided by a private for-profit organization.

- (a) An institution may use up to 25 percent of its FWS allocation and reallocation for an award year to pay the compensation of FWS students employed by a private for-profit organization.
- (b) If a student is employed by a private, for-profit organization—
- (1) The work that the student performs must be academically relevant to the student's educational program, to the maximum extent practicable; and
- (2) The private for-profit organization—
- (i) Must provide the non-Federal share of the student's compensation; and
- (ii) May not use any FWS funds to pay an employee who would otherwise be employed by that organization.

(Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2753)

[52 FR 45770, Dec. 1, 1987, as amended at 57 FR 32356, July 21, 1992; 59 FR 61419, Nov. 30, 1994; 64 FR 58294, Oct. 28, 1999]

### § 675.24 Establishment of wage rate under FWS.

- (a) Wage rates. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(3) of this section, an institution shall compute FWS compensation on an hourly wage basis for actual time on the job. An institution may not pay a student a salary, commission, or fee.
- (2) An institution may not count fringe benefits as part of the wage rate.
- (3) An institution may pay a graduate student it employs a salary or an